

## GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: We've just bought a dog and a cat. \_\_\_\_\_ is called Ben.

- A The dog  B A dog  C Dog

- The town wasn't very nice, but our accommodation \_\_\_\_\_ very good.  
A are  B were  C was
- My neighbour went to \_\_\_\_\_ for fraud.  
A a prison  B the prison  C prison
- There were three \_\_\_\_\_ left on the plane.  
A luggage  B luggages   
C pieces of luggage
- There's \_\_\_\_\_ in most cities.  
A a university  B the university   
C university
- \_\_\_\_\_ Andes is the highest mountain range in South America.  
A The  B Some  C (-)
- Tim and Andy \_\_\_\_\_ play tennis very well.  
A either  B neither  C both
- You've eaten \_\_\_\_\_!  
A all  B all of the sandwiches   
C all sandwiches
- \_\_\_\_\_ in my English class is really nice.  
A All  B Everybody  C All the people
- We're going to \_\_\_\_\_ for a weekend break.  
A the Czech Republic  B a Czech Republic   
C Czech Republic
- The people in the village \_\_\_\_\_ very friendly.  
A are  B is  C was
- We've got \_\_\_\_\_ homework this weekend!  
A none  B no  C any
- There \_\_\_\_\_ coffee left. I'll buy some later.  
A aren't any  B isn't any  C isn't no
- I bought \_\_\_\_\_ at the weekend.  
A a new trousers  B a new trouser   
C some new trousers
- I'd like to study \_\_\_\_\_ French or Spanish at university.  
A neither  B both  C either
- \_\_\_\_\_ is made from trees.  
A Paper  B The paper  C A Paper
- She usually goes to \_\_\_\_\_ by bus.  
A the school  B school  C a school

- \_\_\_\_\_ are very good pets.  
A Dogs  B The dogs  C A dog
- \_\_\_\_\_ very helpful when I lost my passport.  
A The polices were  B The police were   
C The police was
- I'm having \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow – can you give me a lift into town, please?  
A cut my hair  B my hair cut   
C to cut my hair
- I \_\_\_\_\_ this morning, and the optician said I need new glasses.  
A had tested my eyes  B tested my eyes   
C had my eyes tested

20

## VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) the correct word, A, B, or C.

Example: My brother works on the twenty-fifth floor of a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A skyscraper  B chapel   
C cathedral

- Sarah works in a large bank in the financial \_\_\_\_\_.  
A neighbourhood  B district   
C outskirts
- If you need a taxi there's a \_\_\_\_\_ outside the department store.  
A stop  B rank  C lane
- Although Kate and Sam have had their ups and \_\_\_\_\_, they're still happy together.  
A lows  B downs  C highs
- It takes a long time to drive through the city. There are so many traffic \_\_\_\_\_.  
A blocks  B stops  C jams
- We sat at a pavement café in the \_\_\_\_\_ and watched the tourists.  
A square  B town hall  C bridge
- The cathedral is a fantastic \_\_\_\_\_ – you can see it from almost anywhere in the city.  
A building  B place of worship   
C landmark
- My dog was \_\_\_\_\_ last week, but luckily he survived.  
A run up  B run over  C run back

8 It's so noisy! I'm going to my room for some \_\_\_\_\_.

- A peace and quiet  B quiet or peace   
C quiet and peace

9 Cities which are \_\_\_\_\_ are full of people from different cultures.

- A historic  B provincial   
C cosmopolitan

10 Generally, I like my job, although \_\_\_\_\_ I find it a bit boring.

- A now or again  B now and again   
C again and now

11 The main problem in this city is \_\_\_\_\_. There are too many people and not enough houses and flats.

- A slums  B overcrowding  C poverty

12 It's a small \_\_\_\_\_ town that's full of beautiful old buildings.

- A run down  B historic  C industrial

13 I'm helping Anna move house. We've been going \_\_\_\_\_ all day with her things.

- A forwards and backwards   
B backwards or forwards   
C backwards and forwards

14 While I was tidying the attic, I found some interesting \_\_\_\_\_ that belonged to my grandparents.

- A pieces and bits  B pieces or bits   
C bits and pieces

## PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A cathedral  B temple   
C centre

- 1 A vibrant  B synagogue  C science   
2 A volunteer  B square  C theory   
3 A geologist  B bridge  C beggars   
4 A physicist  B cable car  C chemist   
5 A prove  B discover  C polluted

b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A neighbourhood   
B neighbourhood   
C neighbourhood

- 6 A exhibition  B exhibition   
C exhibition   
7 A accommodation  B accommodation   
C accommodation   
8 A cosmopolitan  B cosmopolitan   
C cosmopolitan   
9 A entertainment  B entertainment   
C entertainment   
10 A provincial  B provincial   
C provincial

10

b Tick (✓) the correct word, A, B, or C.

Example: a person that studies natural forces

- A physicist  B chemist   
C biologist

15 the study of rocks

- A geology  B genetics  C chemistry

16 to offer to try out a new drug

- A prove  B invent  C volunteer

17 show that something is true

- A develop  B discover  C prove

18 somebody that studies living things such as plants and animals

- A biologist  B chemist  C geologist

19 find something that is unknown but already exists

- A research  B discover  C invent

20 the study of genes

- A genetic  B geneticist  C genetics

20

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50